

## BELGIAN BUILDING RESEARCH INSTITUTE

INSTITUTION RECOGNISED BY APPLICATION OF THE DECREE-LAW OF 30 JANUARY 1947

### All tests in this report are executed according to the ISO 9001 certified Quality management system of the BBRI

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# **TEST REPORT**

Laboratory	O/References	DE 633X188
Air Quality and Ventilation		VE 267/3/EN/EXT
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Date of order of the extension	16-12-2013	Samples registration	N-2013-27-027	
		Date of reception of samples	24-06-2013	
Date of issue of the report	05-07-2013	Date of the test	05-07-2013	
Test carried out	Measurement of the casing leakage of a damper or valve			
References	NBN EN 1751:1999 Ventilation for buildings - Air terminal devices - Aerodynamic testing of dampers and valves			

This test report contains 5 pages and may only be reproduced in its entirety. Each page of the report has been stamped (in red) by the laboratory and initialed by the head of laboratory. The results and findings are only valid for the tested samples.

 $\Box$  No sample

□ Sample(s) subjected to destructive test

Sample(s) to be removed from our laboratories 30 calendar days after sending of the report, save in the case of a further written request.

C.S.T.C.	R
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Head of laboratory Christophe Delmotte, Ir.

In charge of the tests Philippe Voordecker



#### Test procedure

The determination of the casing leakage of a damper or valve is carried out according to NBN EN 1751:1999 «Ventilation for buildings - Air terminal devices - Aerodynamic testing of dampers and valves».

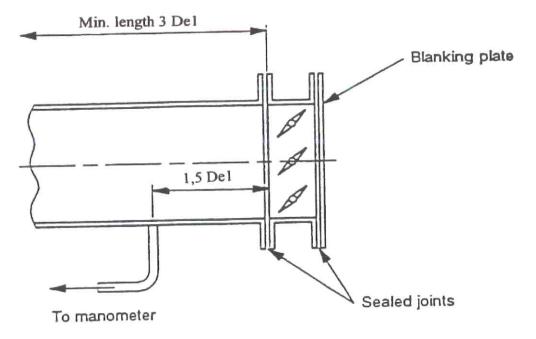
The test installation comprises the following:

- an adjustable air supply incorporating an air flow rate measuring device;
- a pressure measuring device;
- an airtight test duct which supports the damper or valve subjet to the test;
- a blanking plate for the damper or valve.

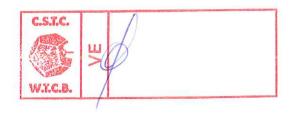
The test is carried out by subjecting the casing of the damper or valve to a pressure of 2000 Pa. The pressure is then lowered in stages. The air flow rate is recorded at each of the pressure stages.

If temperature and barometric pressure are different from the standard conditions (20 °C and 101325 Pa), the measured airflows are corrected accordingly.

Normalized values are determined through a linear regression.



Principle of test installation according to NBN EN 1751:1999





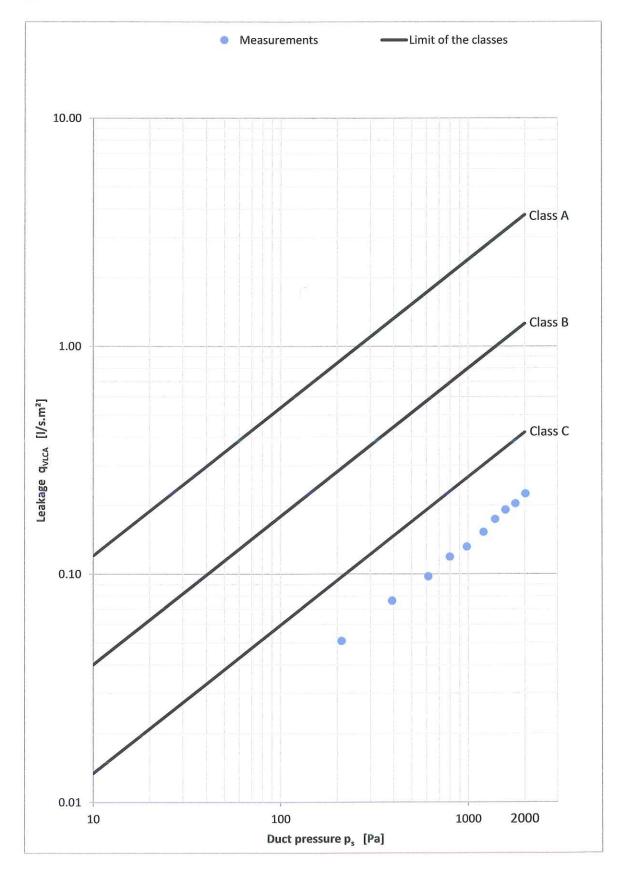
## **Description of the sample** Iris damper with a nominal diameter of 125 mm (IRIS-125)

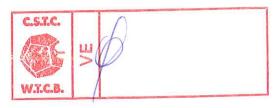
Measuring devices:		Calibration:	Organization:		
Platon GTLK		22/05/1989	Platon		
		40/00/0040			
Airflow TA460-P		18/06/2013	TSI Airflow		
Testo 720 n°5		28/10/2012	CSTC-WTCB		
Halstrup BA 1000		1/10/2012	Dimed		
Measurement conditions:			Reference casing area:		
Air temperature	21.3	°C	Perimeter of the damper	0.393	m
Barometric pressure	101700	Pa	Reference area	0.393	m²

Measured values		Corrected values
Static pressure p <sub>s</sub> (Pa) 2017 1783 1580 1392 1207 983 799 612 393 211	Leakage air flow q <sub>vL meas</sub> (l/s) 0.09 0.08 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02	Case leakage air flow $q_{vLCA}$ (l/s.m <sup>2</sup> ) 0.22 0.20 0.19 0.17 0.15 0.13 0.12 0.10 0.08 0.05

	Normalized v	alues
Classification of case	e leakage: Class C	
Static pressure (Pa)	Leakage air flow (I/s)	Flow rate / pressure characteristic
250	0.02	$q = C \Delta p^n \qquad (l/s)$
500 1000	0.03 0.05	C = 0.0006 (l/s. Pa <sup>n</sup> )
1500	0.07	n = 0.6558 (-)
2000	0.09	
		W.T.C.B.







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